

ZONTA'S SCORECARD ON INTERNATIONAL SERVICE AND ZISVAW PROJECTS 2008 – 2010

INTERNATIONAL SERVICE PROJECTS

United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)

Prevention of Mother-to-Child Transmission of HIV in Rwanda 2008 – 2010 funding: US \$600,000

GOALS/OBJECTIVES

To prevent mother-to-child transmission of HIV and provide health care, and obstetrical services, and links to reproductive health programs, nutritional support, psychological services and income-generating activities to HIV-positive mothers.

ZONTA'S OBJECTS:

- (a) Improves the **health status** of women through treatment of HIV/AIDS (**CEDAW Article 12**)
- (a) Improves the **economic status** of women by promoting income generation schemes for women with the virus (**CEDAW Article 11**)
- (a) By providing vocational training, the **educational status** of women is also enhanced (**CEDAW Article 10**)
- (c) Addresses basic **human rights needs** by redressing the effects of genocide, war and displacement (**CEDAW Article 1**).

BEIJING + 10 GOALS:

- Addresses the inadequate conditions of health for many women (**Critical Concern 3, C3, C5**)
- Addresses the impact of armed conflict on women (**Critical Concern 5, E5**).

MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS:

- Addresses **Goal 4 Target 4** – reducing child mortality by combating mother to child transmission of HIV
- Addresses **Goal 5 Target 6** – improving maternal health
- Addresses **Goal 6 Target 7** – combat HIV/AIDS, Malaria and other diseases
- Works towards achieving **Goal 1, Targets 1, 2**, by eradicating poverty and hunger.
- Supports **Goal 3, Millennium Summit +5, Paragraph 58 (d), (e)**, in ensuring women's access to labour markets, sustainable employment and productive assets as well as **Paragraph 128** – advancing the human rights of women.

United Nations Development Fund for Women (UNIFEM)

Safe Cities for Women Project in Guatemala City, Guatemala and San Salvador,
2008 – 2010 funding: USD \$600,000

GOALS/OBJECTIVES

The project will:

- Define and document the connections between reduced gender-based violence and improved urban planning
- Launch campaigns to sensitize the public to the issues surrounding violence against women in urban areas
- Empower local women, non-governmental organizations (NGOs) and other stakeholders to promote and develop public policies, with a gender perspective, that help ensure women's safety
- Build specific opportunities for collaborations between decision-makers, municipal planners and local women's NGOs to adapt policies and urban planning
- Disseminate information on lessons learned and successful practices to the public, media and relevant stakeholders .

ZONTA'S OBJECTS:

- (a) Addresses the **legal status** of women by establishing legal protection of the rights of women on an equal basis with men (**CEDAW Articles 2, 3**)
- (a) Enhances the **political status** of women by their participation in policy formulation on women's safety (**CEDAW Article 7**)
- (c) Supports respect for human rights of women by prevention of violence (**CEDAW Article 1**).

BEIJING + 10 GOALS:

- Addresses the burden of poverty on women (**Critical Concern 1, A1**)
- Change in planning to prevent violence against women (**Critical Concern 4, D1, D2**)
- Attempts to change inequality in economic structures and policies (**Critical Concern 6, F1**)
- Reduces inequalities in power and decision-making structures and processes (**Critical Concern 7, G1, G2**)
- Addresses the lack of respect and inadequate protection of the human rights of women (**Critical Concern 9, I 1, I 2**).

MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS:

- Achieve a significant improvement in the lives of slum dwellers (**Goal 7, Target 11**).
- Promote representation of women in government decision-making bodies (**Millennium Summit +5, Paragraph 58 (g); Goal 3**).

United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)

Reduction of Obstetric Fistula in Liberia within the context of maternal and newborn health 2008 – 2010 funding: USD \$450,000

GOALS/OBJECTIVES

To contribute to the elimination of obstetric fistula and the reduction of maternal and newborn mortality and morbidity in Liberia, via the following strategies:

- Coordination and partnerships
- Advocacy, community mobilization and education
- Capacity building at all levels
- Expansion of strategically located and fully functional emergency obstetric care (EmOC) facilities
- Distribution of a wide range of contraceptive method-mix to increase contraceptive prevalence rate (CPR)
- Providing access to free of charge and quality fistula treatment and care services
- Catering for the reintegration needs of women treated for fistula, including counselling and livelihood skills development.

ZONTA'S OBJECTS:

- (a) Improves the **health status** of women suffering from fistula (**CEDAW Article 12**)
- (a) Enabling cured patients to reconnect with families without fear of discrimination enhances their **legal status** (**CEDAW Article 2**)
- (a) Catering for the reintegration needs of women treated for fistula through skills development enhances their **economic status** (**CEDAW Article 11**)
- (c) Women cured of fistula will avoid discrimination based on cultural discrimination, a fundamental abuse of human rights (**CEDAW Article 1**).

BEIJING + 10 GOALS:

- Addresses the inadequate conditions of health provision for women with fistula (**Critical Concern 3, C5**) and a lack of respect for the human rights of women (**Critical Concern 9, I 2**).

MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS:

- Curing fistula improves the maternal health of women (**Goal 5, Target 6**)
- In co-operation with pharmaceutical companies, develop a global partnership by providing access to affordable, essential drugs in developing countries (**Goal 8, Target 17**).

ZISVAW PROJECTS 2008-2010

United Nations Development Fund for Women (UNIFEM)
(Administrator of the UN Trust Fund in Support of Actions to Eliminate Violence against Women)

Ending Violence Against Women through Community Action (EVAWCA) in Cambodia
2008 - 2010 funding: USD \$300,000

GOALS/OBJECTIVES

- Unveil contemporary Khmer masculinity and factors that deconstruct and/or reconstruct the traditional masculine identities in the context of changing social, cultural and economic phenomena in Cambodia
- Establish community-based women's core groups (CGs)
 - Train CGs on laws, legal issues, advocacy
 - Monitor the implementation of laws against VAW in the commune
 - Pursue local authorities and policies to enforce laws as soon as VAW occurs
- Disseminate information about laws to women in target communes
- Provide legal aid to women victims of violence
- Provide social services to women victims and/or potential victims of violence
- Develop training and communication materials targeting men to transform their harmful masculine ideologies and behaviour.

ZONTA'S OBJECTS:

- (a) This project will improve the **legal status** of women by educating the population about laws to protect women against violence and ensure enforcement of such laws (**CEDAW Articles 2, 5**)
- (c) Will promote a change to social and cultural customs to enhance the **human rights** of women in Cambodia (**CEDAW Articles 1, 2, 3, 5**).

BEIJING + 10 GOALS:

- Addresses violence against women (**Critical Concern 4, D1, D2**)
- Aims to reverse the lack of respect and inadequate protection of the human rights of women (**Critical Concern 9, I 1, I 2, I 3**).

MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS:

- Elimination of violence against women and the girl child (**Millennium Summit +5, Paragraph 58(f); Goal 3**) and enhancing the human rights of women (**Millennium Summit +5, Paragraph 128; Goal 3**).

United Nations Development Fund for Women (UNIFEM)
(Administrator of the UN Trust Fund in Support of Actions to Eliminate Violence against Women)

Combating physical violence against women and supporting the implementation of protective and anti-discriminatory laws and policies in Egypt
2008 - 2010 funding: USD \$200,000

GOALS/OBJECTIVES

- Empowering women to report and pursue in justice any incident of victimization to violence
- To rehabilitate women victims of violence and to take positive action towards their physical and psychological wellbeing
- To help government bodies and NGOs gain in-depth understanding of the correlation between violence and HIV high-risk behaviour
- To improve the capacity of shelters in Egypt
- Improve effectiveness of existing protective policies ...by establishing monitoring bodies
- To build the capacity of the judiciary and executive bodies to set up simplified and clear procedures, in order to achieve a more effective application of the protective and anti-discriminatory laws and policies to allow women access to the justice system
- To facilitate partnerships between agencies working in this field.

ZONTA'S OBJECTS

- (a) Addresses improving the **legal status** of women through implementation of protective and anti - discriminatory laws (**CEDAW Articles 2,5**)
- (a) Aids the **health status** of women by supporting implementation of relevant Criminal Code provisions and Ministerial Decree 261 (1996) prohibiting performance of genital mutilation (**CEDAW Articles 1, 2**)
- (c) Enhances the **human rights** of women by eliminating cultural practices which are harmful to women's health (**CEDAW Article 5**).

BEIJING + 10 GOALS:

- Addresses violence against women (**Critical Concern 4, D1**)
- Targets inequalities in power and decision making structures and processes (**Critical Concern 7, G1, G2**)
- Addresses the human rights of women subjected to harmful cultural practices (FCH) (**Critical Concern 9, I 1**)
- Targets discrimination and violation of girl children (FCH) (**Critical Concern 12, L1, L2, L7**).

MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS:

- Elimination of violence against women and enhancement of the human rights of women (**Millennium Summit +5, Paragraph 58 (f) and Paragraph 128; Goal 3**).

United Nations Development Fund for Women (UNIFEM)
(Administrator of the UN Trust Fund in Support of Actions to Eliminate Violence against Women)

Community-based center for housing and rehabilitation of women victims of violence in Syria
2008 – 2010 funding: USD \$100,000

GOALS/OBJECTIVES

- To protect and promote the empowerment of women victims of violence through, inter alia, the provision of shelter, health, social and economic interventions that guarantee reduction of their vulnerability and integrating them in their families and communities
- To take positive measures in addressing the structural causes of violence against women, strengthen prevention efforts that address discriminatory practices and social norms
- To promote awareness and information campaigns on women's rights and the responsibility to respect them and encourage men and boys to speak out strongly against violence against women
- To urge the relevant bodies to review and, where appropriate, revise, amend or abolish all laws, regulations, policies, practices and customs that discriminate against women or have a discriminatory impact on women, and to support the legal systems to be in compliance with the international human rights obligations, commitments and principles, including the principle of non-discrimination.

ZONTA'S OBJECTS:

- (a) Improves the **health and economic status** of women through provision of support services (**CEDAW Articles 11, 12**)
- (a) Addresses the **legal status** of women by encouraging a review of all laws, regulations, policies, practices and customs which discriminate against women (**CEDAW Articles 2, 5, 15**)
- (c) Reviews the legal system to ensure compliance with fundamental **human rights** of women (**CEDAW Articles 3, 5, 15**).

BEIJING + 10 GOALS:

- Addresses inadequate conditions of health (**Critical Concern 3, C2, C4**)
- Supports victims of violence (**Critical Concern 4, D2**)
- Targets inequality in economic structures and policies (**Critical Concern 6, F1, F4, F6**) as well as decision-making structures and processes, especially the law, community and religious leaders (**Critical Concern 7, G1**)
- Addresses lack of respect for fundamental human rights of women (**Critical Concern 9, I 1, I 2**).

MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS:

- Elimination of violence against women and enhancement of the human rights of women (**Millennium Summit +5, Paragraph 58 (f) and Paragraph 128; Goal 3**).