

## MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS:

GOALS	TARGETS
GOAL 1: Eradicate Extreme Poverty and Hunger	<p><b>TARGET 1:</b> Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people whose income is less than \$1 a day.</p> <p><b>TARGET 2:</b> Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people who suffer from hunger.</p>
GOAL 2: Achieve Universal Primary Education	<p><b>TARGET 3:</b> Ensure that, by 2015, children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling.</p>
GOAL 3: Promote Gender Equality and Empower Women	<p><b>TARGET 4:</b> Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education, preferably by 2005, and in all levels of education no later than 2015.</p>
	<p><b>Millennium Summit +5 Paragraph 58:</b></p> <p>(b) Guaranteeing the free and equal right of women to own and inherit property and ensuring secure tenure of property and housing by women;</p> <p>(d) Promoting women's equal access to labour markets, sustainable employment and adequate labour protection;</p> <p>(e) Ensuring equal access of women to productive assets and resources, including land, credit and technology;</p> <p>(f) Eliminating all forms of discrimination and violence against women and the girl child, including by ending impunity and by ensuring the protection of civilians, in particular women and the girl child, during and after armed conflicts in accordance with the obligations of States under international humanitarian law and international human rights law;</p> <p>(g) Promoting increased representation of women in Government decision-making bodies, including through ensuring their equal opportunity to participate fully in the political process.</p>

GOALS	TARGETS
<p>GOAL 3: cont...</p> <p>Women in the prevention and resolution of conflicts</p> <p>Human rights</p>	<p><b>Paragraph 59:</b></p> <p>We recognize the importance of gender mainstreaming as a tool for achieving gender equality. To that end, we undertake to actively promote the mainstreaming of a gender perspective in the design, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of policies and programmes in all political, economic and social spheres, and further undertake to strengthen the capabilities of the United Nations system in the area of gender.</p> <p><b>Paragraph 116:</b></p> <p>We stress the important role of women in the prevention and resolution of conflicts and in peace building. We reaffirm our commitment to the full and effective implementation of Security Council resolution 1325 (2000) of 31 October 2000 on women and peace and security. We also underline the importance of integrating a gender perspective and of women having the opportunity for equal participation and full involvement in all efforts to maintain and promote peace and security, as well as the need to increase their role in decision-making at all levels. We strongly condemn all violations of the human rights of women and girls in situations of armed conflict and the use of sexual exploitation, violence and abuse, and we commit ourselves to elaborating and implementing strategies to report on, prevent and punish gender-based violence.</p> <p><b>Paragraph 128:</b></p> <p>We recognize the need to pay special attention to the human rights of women and children and undertake to advance them in every possible way, including by bringing gender and child-protection perspectives into the human rights agenda.</p>
<p><b>GOAL 4: Reduce Child Mortality</b></p>	<p><b>TARGET 5:</b> Reduce by two-thirds, between 1990 and 2015, the under-five mortality rate.</p>
<p><b>GOAL 5: Improve Maternal Health</b></p>	<p><b>TARGET 6:</b> Reduce by three-quarters, between 1990 and 2015, the maternal mortality ratio.</p> <p><b>Millennium Summit +5</b></p> <p><b>Paragraph 58:</b></p> <p>(c) Ensuring equal access to reproductive health</p>

GOALS	TARGETS
<p><b>GOAL 6: Combat HIV/AIDS, Malaria and other Diseases</b></p>	<p><b>TARGET 7:</b> Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS.</p> <p><b>TARGET 8:</b> Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the incidence of malaria and other major diseases.</p>
<p><b>GOAL 7: Ensure Environmental Sustainability</b></p>	<p><b>TARGET 9:</b> Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programs and reverse the loss of environmental resources.</p> <p><b>TARGET 10:</b> Halve, by 2015, the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water and basic sanitation.</p> <p><b>TARGET 11:</b> Have achieved by 2020 a significant improvement in the lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers.</p>
<p><b>GOAL 8: Develop a Global Partnership for Development</b></p>	<p><b>TARGET 12:</b> Develop further an open, rule-based, predictable, non-discriminatory trading and financial system (includes a commitment to good governance, development, and poverty reduction, both nationally and internationally).</p> <p><b>TARGET 13:</b> Address the special needs of the Least Developed Countries (includes tariff and quota-free access for Least Developed Countries' exports, enhanced program and debt relief for heavily indebted poor countries [HIPC] and cancellation of official bilateral debt, and more generous official development assistance for countries committed to poverty reduction).</p> <p><b>TARGET 14:</b> Address the special needs of landlocked developing countries and small island developing states (through the Program of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States and 22<sup>nd</sup> General Assembly provisions).</p> <p><b>TARGET 15:</b> Deal comprehensively with the debt problems of developing countries through national and international measures in order to make debt sustainable in the long term.</p> <p><b>TARGET 16:</b> In cooperation with developing countries, develop and implement strategies for decent and productive work for youth.</p>
<p><b>GOALS</b></p>	<p><b>TARGETS</b></p>

<p><b>Goal 8: cont...</b></p>	<p><b>TARGET 17:</b> In cooperation with pharmaceutical companies, provide access to affordable essential drugs in developing countries.</p> <p><b>TARGET 18:</b> In cooperation with the private sector, make available the benefits of new technologies, especially information and communications technologies.</p>
<p><b>Note:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The eight Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) – which range from halving extreme poverty to halting the spread of HIV/AIDS and providing universal primary education, all by the target date of 2015 – form a blueprint agreed to by all the world’s countries and all of the world’s leading development institutions. They have galvanised unprecedented efforts to meet the needs of the world’s poorest. (See – <a href="http://www.mdgmonitor.org">www.mdgmonitor.org</a> and <a href="http://www.mdgmonitor.org/browse_goal.cfm">www.mdgmonitor.org/browse_goal.cfm</a>).</li> <li>2. The millennium Summit +5 added goals to those developed for 2000. Those relating to women and the girl child have been added where appropriate.</li> </ol> <p><b>References:</b>  UN General Assembly (2005)  <i>Resolution Adopted by the General Assembly, 2005 World Summit Outcome, A/Res/60/1</i>, United Nations, New York. (Meeting also known as Millennium Summit +5).</p> <p>UN Millennium Development Goals (<a href="http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/relatedsites.html">www.un.org/millenniumgoals/relatedsites.html</a>).</p>	